FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL MATHEMATICS CONTEST sponsored by THE TENNESSEE MATHEMATICS TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

Advanced Topics I 1999

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Scoring formula: 4R - W + 40

DIRECTIONS:

Do not open this booklet until you are told to do so.

This is a test of your competence in high school mathematics. For each problem, determine the <u>best</u> answer and indicate your choice by making a heavy black mark in the proper place on the separate answer sheet provided. You must use a pencil with a soft head (No. 2 lead or softer).

This test has been constructed so that most of you are not expected to answer all of the questions. Do your best on the questions you feel you know how to work. You will be penalized for incorrect answers, so wild guesses are not advisable.

If you change your mind about an answer, be sure to erase <u>completely</u>. Do not mark more than one answer for any problem. Make no stray marks of any kind on the answer sheet. The answer sheets will not be returned to you. If you wish a record of your performance, mark your answers in this booklet also. You will keep the booklet after the test is completed.

When told to do so, open your test booklet and begin. You will have exactly 80 minutes to work.

Contributors to TMTA for the Annual Mathematics Contest:

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- 1. Written without negative exponents, $(a^{-1} + b^{-1})^{-1} =$

 - a. a+b b. $\frac{ab}{a+b}$
- c. $\frac{a+b}{ab}$
- d. $\frac{a^2 + b^2}{a^2 b^2}$ e. $\frac{a^2 b^2}{a^2 b^2}$

- 2. Which of the following statements is true?
 - I. The sum of two rational numbers is always a rational number.
 - II. The sum of a rational number and an irrational number is always an irrational number.
 - III. The sum of two irrational numbers is always an irrational number.
 - a. I only
- b. II only
- c. I and II only
- d. II and III only
- e. I, II, and III
- 3. The sum of the slopes of two lines which intersect at the point (1,1) is 5. If one of the lines passes through the point $(5, y_1)$ and the other line passes through $(5, y_2)$, then $y_1 + y_2 =$
 - a. 50
- b. 22
- c. 13
- d. 6

- e. $\sqrt{5}$
- 4. Let $f_0(x) = \frac{1}{x}$, $f_1(x) = (f_0 \circ f_0)(x)$. For positive integers n > 1, let $f_n(x) = f_0(f_{n-1}(x))$. Then $f_{10}(2) =$

 - a. $\frac{1}{2}$ b. $\frac{1}{1024}$
- c. 2

- d. 512
- e. 1024
- 5. Suppose that a fair coin is tossed 4 times. Find the probability that the third head comes up on the fourth toss.

 - a. $\frac{3}{16}$ b. $\frac{3}{32}$ c. $\frac{1}{4}$
- d. $\frac{1}{16}$
- e. $\frac{1}{64}$

- 6. Solve the equation $\sin^{-1}(x) + \tan^{-1}\sqrt{3} = \frac{2\pi}{3}$ for x.

- a. x = 0 b. $x = \frac{1}{2}$ c. $x = \frac{\pi}{6}$ d. $x = \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}$ e. $x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

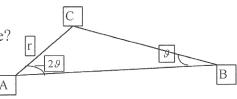
/.	The range of the	T T T T T T T T T T	15			
	a. $(-\infty,\infty)$	b. [0,∞)	c. [0, <i>e</i>]	d. $\left[\frac{1}{e}, \infty\right)$	e. $\left[\frac{1}{e}, e\right]$	
8.	8. An otherwise smart person forgets the last digit of an important phone number. What is the probability the person dials the correct number on the fourth attempt?					
	a. $\frac{1}{10}$	b. $\frac{4}{10}$	$\mathbf{c.} \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^4$	d. $\frac{6}{10}$	e. $\frac{1}{(10)(9)(8)(7)}$	
9.	9. All forty people attending a political reception are either lawyers or politicians. Fifteen people at the reception are politicians. Ten people at the reception are both lawyers and politicians. How many people at the reception are lawyers?					
	a. 15	b. 20	c. 25	d. 30	e. 35	
10	a. 1		$\log_b a = 3$, then $\log_b \left(c. 3 \right)$		e3	
11. Let $a_1 = 1$ and $a_n = a_{n-1} + 4$ for $n = 2, 3, 4, \cdots$. Evaluate the sum $a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \cdots + a_{100}$.						
	a. 397	b. 401	c. 5050	d. 19,990	e. 94,109,400	
12	Let f be a function	on defined by $f(x) =$	$\frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{x}\right)}$. Give all	I values of x in $[1,\infty)$	for which $f(x)$ is	
	a. {1}	b. {1,2}	c. {1,2,3,···}	d. {2,4,6,···}	e. {1,3,5,···}	

b. $\{1,-1\}$ c. -1 d. ∞ e. does not exist

13. Suppose $a_n = \left(1 - \frac{1}{n+1}\right)\cos(n\pi)$ for $n = 0,1,2,3,\cdots$. Then $\lim_{n \to \infty} a_n = 1$

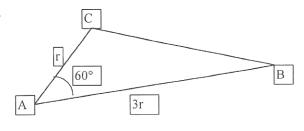
a. 1

14. What is the length of side BC of the pictured triangle?



- a. 2r
- b. $2r\sin\theta$
- c. $\frac{r}{\tan \theta}$
- d. $\frac{r}{\sin \theta}$
- e. $2r\cos\theta$

15. What is the length of side BC of the pictured triangle?



- b. $r\sqrt{3}$
- c. $r\sqrt{5}$
- e. 2.5r

- 16. Simplify the expression: $\sin^2(x) + \sin^2(y) 2\sin x \sin y \cos(x y)$

- a. $\cos(x+y)$ b. $\sin(x+y)$ c. $\sin^2(x-y)$ d. $\cos^2(x-y)$ e. $\sin(x-y)$

- 17. Find the value of $\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x$ if $\sin(2x) = \frac{2}{3}$.
 - a. $\frac{9}{7}$ b. $\frac{7}{9}$

- d. $\frac{8}{7}$
- e. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$

- 18. The exact value of $\sin\left(\tan^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)$ is

 - a. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ b. $\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{3}$ c. $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$
- d. $\frac{-\sqrt{5}}{5}$
- e. undefined

19. If
$$f(x) = \arcsin(x+2)$$
 then

a.
$$f^{-1}(x) = \sin x - 2$$

b.
$$f^{-1}(x) = \sin(x-2)$$

c.
$$f^{-1}(x) = \sin x - 2, \frac{-\pi}{2} \le x \le \frac{\pi}{2}$$

d.
$$f^{-1}(x) = \sin(x-2), \frac{-\pi}{2} \le x \le \frac{\pi}{2}$$

e.
$$f^{-1}(x) = \sin(x+2), \frac{-\pi}{2} \le x \le \frac{\pi}{2}$$

- 20. If the arithmetic sequence $\{a_n\}$ is such that $a_1 = 3$, $a_2 = 8$, $a_3 = 13$, $a_4 = 18$, $a_5 = 23$, etc., which term of the sequence has value 49938?
 - a. the 899th
- b. the 997th
- c. the 9987th
- d. the 9988th
- e. the 8998th

- 21. Written as an algebraic expression, $\cos(2\arccos(A))$ is
 - a. $1 2A^2$
- b. $1 + 2A^2$
- c. $2A^2 1$
- d. $\sqrt{1-2A^2}$
- e. $\sqrt{2A^2 1}$

- 22. How many y-intercepts does the graph of $y = \cos\left(\frac{1}{100x}\right)$ have?
 - a. zero
- b. one
- c. two
- d. three
- e. infinitely many
- 23. The quadratic function $f(x) = x^2 + bx + c$, where b > 0, and $0 < \sqrt{c} < \frac{b}{2}$ has
 - a. two distinct negative zeros
 - b. one positive zero and one negative zero
 - c. two distinct positive zeros
 - d. two repeated positive zeros
 - e. two repeated negative zeros.
- 24. The solution set of the equation $\log_2(2^x) + \log_2(4^x) + \log_{\frac{1}{2}}(2^x) = 4$ is
 - a. {0}
- b. {0,1}
- c. {2}
- d. {0,2}
- e. \emptyset (the empty set)

- 25. A student failed to master any material for the upcoming quiz. The quiz will be a five question multiple-choice quiz with three choices for each question. If the student randomly picks an answer for each question, what is the probability that the student will get at least 3 correct answers?

- a. $\frac{3}{5}$ b. $\frac{1}{27}$ c. $\frac{12}{27}$ d. $\frac{17}{81}$ e. $\frac{40}{243}$
- 26. If you travel from A to B at an average speed of 20 miles per hour and return from B to A along the same route at an average speed of 60 miles per hour, what is your average speed in miles per hour for the round trip?
 - a. 25
- b. 30
- c. $33\frac{1}{3}$ d. 35
- d. 40
- 27. I went into a store and spent half of my money and then \$20 more. I went into a second store and spent half of my remaining money and then \$20 more. Than I had no money left. How much money did I have when I went into the first store?
 - a. $1\frac{1}{2}$ times the amount I had when I entered the second store
 - b. 2 times the amount I had when I entered the second store
 - c. 3 times the amount I had when I entered the second store
 - d. $3\frac{1}{2}$ times the amount I had when I entered the second store
 - e. 4 times the amount I had when I entered the second store
- 28. What is the maximum number of times that a horizontal line can intersect the graph of a fourth degree polynomial?
 - a. 1
- b. 2
- c. 3

d. 4

e. 5

29. Given the following data, select the true statement below.

X	f(x)	X	g(x)
0	3	0	3
1	6	1	6
3	12	2	12
7	24	3	24
15	48	4	48
31	96	5	96

- a. f is an exponential function and g is a linear function.
- b. f is a linear function and g is an exponential function.
- c. f is a quadratic function and g is a linear function.
- d. f is a linear function and g is a linear function.
- e. f is an exponential function and g is an exponential function.
- 30. The graph of the function $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 2}{x}$ has
 - a. a vertical asymptote x = 2 and a horizontal asymptote y = 2
 - b. a vertical asymptote x = 0 and a horizontal asymptote y = 0
 - c. a vertical asymptote x = 0 and a horizontal asymptote y = 2
 - d. a vertical asymptote x = 0 and a slant asymptote $y = \frac{2}{x}$
 - e. a vertical asymptote x = 0 and a slant asymptote y = 2x

THE REMAINING PROBLEMS ARE PROBABLY BEST DONE WITH THE AID OF A GRAPHING CALCULATOR.

- 31. \$100 is invested at an annual interest rate of 6% compounded monthly. How many months does it take for the investment to grow to \$130?
 - a. 33 months
- b. 38 months
- c. 42 months
- d. 48 months
- e. 53 months

32. The domain o	f the function $f(x)$	$= \log(\log(\log x))$ is		
a. $(-\infty, \infty)$	b. (-∞,0)	c. (0,∞)	d. (1,∞)	e. (10,∞)
water. Then 8	30 gallons of the mix		replaced with water, et	e tank is filled up with c. How many gallons of
a. about .021b. about .014c. about 2.54d. about 1.70e. 0 gallons	gallons ·10 ⁻⁹ gallons			
34. How many so	lutions does the equa	ation $5\cos(4x+1) = 2$	have on the interval ($0 \le x \le 2$?
a. 0	b. 1	c. 2	d. 3	e. 4
35. Find the sum of	of the first 20 terms	of the geometric series	3 2 − 6 + 18 − 54 +···	
a3,486,784 b1,162,261 c1,743,392 d. 1,743,392 e. 1,162,261	1,466 2,200 2,200			
			ng that the population is nearest whole number	
a. 1020	b. 2918	c. 3035	d. 3156	e. 3282
37. Suppose a poptrue?	oulation P at time t i	s given by $P(t) = \frac{100}{1+t}$	0.000 $99e^{-t}$. Which of the fi	following statements is
b. The popula	-		and then begins to dec s 100,000.	rease.

e. The population increases slowly at first, but after 9 years begins to increase faster.

d. The population eventually goes to 0.

- 38. How many real number solutions does the equation $x^5 100x^4 + x^3 300x^2 + x + 100 = 0$ have?
 - a. 1
- b. 2

c. 3

d. 4

- e. 5
- 39. The y-coordinate of the solution set of the system of equations $\begin{cases} y = \cos x \\ y = \ln x \end{cases}$ rounded to the nearest
 - a. .24
- b. .26
- c. .28
- d. .30
- e. .32

- 40. What is the sum of the values of x such that |x| + |x + 1| = 2?
 - a. -1
- b. 0

c. 1

d. 2

e. 3

7 , 4		

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