TWENTY-FIRST ANNUAL MATHEMATICS CONTEST Sponsored by THE TENNESSEE MATHEMATICS TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

ALGEBRA I TEST

EDITED BY:

1977

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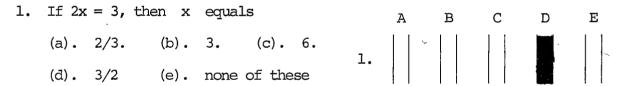
Scoring Formula: 4R - W

This test was prepared from a list of Algebra I questions submitted by Volunteer State Community College.

DIRECTIONS:

Do not open this booklet until you are told to do so.

This is a test of your competence in high school algebra. For each problem there are listed 5 possible answers; one and only one is correct. You are to work each problem, determine the correct answer, and indicate your choice by making a heavy black mark in the correct place on the separate answer sheet provided. You must use a pencil with soft lead (No. 2 lead or softer). A sample problem follows:



The correct answer for the sample problem is 3/2, which is answer (d); so you would answer this problem by making a <u>heavy</u> black mark under space D as indicated above.

This test has been constructed so that most of you are not expected to answer all questions. Do your very best on the questions you feel you know how to work. You will be penalized for incorrect answers so it is advisable not to do much wild quessing.

If you should change your mind about an answer, be sure to erase completely. Do not mark more than one answer for any problem. Make no stray marks of any kind on your answer sheet.

The answer sheets will be used for a statistical compilation and will not be returned to you. If you wish a record of your performance, mark your answers in this booklet also. You will be able to keep this booklet after the test is completed.

When told to do so, open your test booklet to page 1 and begin. When you have finished one page, go on to the next. The working time for the entire test is 80 minutes.

1. Factor the expression $4x^2 - 16x + 2xy + 15 - 3y$.

(a).
$$(2x + y)x + (5 - y)3$$

(b).
$$(2x + y)(3x - y + 4)$$

(c).
$$(2x - 3)(2x - 5 + y)$$

(d).
$$(2x + 2)(2x + 2 - y)$$

(e). none of these

2. The graph of $y = x^2 - 3x - 10$ crosses the x-axis at what points?

$$(a)$$
. $(5,0)$, $(2,0)$

(b).
$$(0,-2)$$
, $(0,5)$

$$(c)$$
. $(3,0)$, $(10,0)$

(d).
$$(5,0)$$
, $(-2,0)$

(e).
$$(0,5)$$
, $(0,2)$

3. If $\frac{2}{x+1} - 3 = \frac{4x+6}{x+1}$, then which of the following is true?

(a).
$$x = 1/7$$

(b).
$$x \neq -1$$

(c).
$$x = 1$$

(d).
$$x > 0$$

(e). none of these

4. The distance between the points P(-4, -6) and Q(-3, 7) is

(a).
$$2\sqrt{2}$$

(b).
$$\sqrt{218}$$

(c).
$$\sqrt{170}$$

(d).
$$5\sqrt{2}$$

(e). none of these

Identification	Number:					
		(Copy	from	Answer	Sheet)	

IDENTIFICATION FORM Tennessee Mathematics Teachers' Association High School Mathematics Contest

2012100	High School Mathematics	Contest	
Date:	_	Weighted Score:	
Contest Subject (check	one):	Regional Center	(check one):
Algebra I	-	East	
Algebra II	_	Middle	
Geometry	_	West	
Comprehensive			
Advanced Topics			
	Please PRINT All Infor	mation	·
A.T.			
Name: (First Name)	(Middle Initial)	(Last Name)	(Age) (Sex)
Home Address: Street _		City	
			\
	ACNumber		
•	Freshman Sophomore		
List all Mathematics Co	ourses in which you are n time during this school y	ow enrolled or i	
List all Mathematics Co	ourses you have completed	in high school:	
Teacher who is teaching	you mathematics this ye	ar (GIVE FULL NA	ME):
Mr			
Miss(Fir	st Name)	(Last Name)	

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5. If x is a real number and -|x| = x, then which of the following is always true?

- (a). x < 0
- (b). x > 0
- (c). $x \neq 0$
- (d). b and c are both true
- (e). none of these

6. The product of the real values of the solution to the equation |x+1|=3 |x-3| is

- (a). 20
- (b). 10
- (c). 10/3
- (d) . 25/2
- (e). 5

7. Solve for x and y : 5x + 2y = 37x - 6y = 2

- (a). $x = \frac{1}{2}$, $y = \frac{1}{4}$
- (b). $x = \frac{1}{4}$, $y = \frac{1}{2}$
- (c). $x = -\frac{1}{4}, y = \frac{1}{2}$
- (d). $x = \frac{1}{2}$, y = 1
- (e). $x = -\frac{1}{2}$, $y = \frac{11}{4}$

8. The set {0, 1} is closed with respect to which of the following?

- I. addition
- II. subtraction

III. multiplication

- (a). I, II, and III
- (b). only I and II
- (c). only I
- (d). only III
- (e), none of these

- 9. One of the roots of $4(x 2)^2 4(x 2) + 1 = 0$ is
 - (a). -5
 - (b). 2/5
 - (c). 3/5
 - (d). 5
 - (e). 5/2
- 10. The cost of labor varies jointly as the number of workers and the number of days they work. If 8 men working 9 days each earn \$576.00 then to earn \$624.00, 6 men must work:
 - (a). 11 days
 - (b). 13 days
 - (c). 14 days
 - (d). 15 days
 - (e). none of these
- 11. The factors of $\frac{1}{4}x^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{1}{4}y^{\frac{1}{2}}$ are
 - (a). $(\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{2}y^{\frac{1}{2}})^2$
 - (b). $(\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{4}} \frac{1}{2}y^{\frac{1}{4}})(\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{1}{2}y^{\frac{1}{4}})$
 - (c). $(x^{\frac{1}{4}} y^{\frac{1}{4}})^2$
 - (d). $(\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{4}} \frac{1}{2}y^{\frac{1}{4}})^2$
 - (e). $(x^{\frac{1}{2}} y^{\frac{1}{2}})^2$
- $-\frac{3}{2}$ 12. $2^3 \cdot 4^2 + 2y^0$ equals
 - (a). 3
 - (b). -3
 - (c). 2
 - (d). -2
 - (e). 1

13. Reduce the following to lowest terms:
$$\frac{-6x^2 + 9x + 6}{2 - 5x + 2x^2}$$

(a).
$$-3$$

(b).
$$\frac{-3(2x-1)}{1+2x}$$

(c).
$$\frac{3(2x + 1)}{1 - 2x}$$

(d).
$$\frac{-3(2x + 1)}{(1 - 2x)(2 - x)}$$

14. The solution set of the equation $x-5 = \sqrt{x+7}$ is

$$(d)$$
. $\{-2, 9\}$

15. A quadratic equation whose roots have a sum of 3 and a product of 5/4 is

(a).
$$x^2 - \frac{5x}{4} + 3 = 0$$

(b)
$$4x^2 - 12x + 5 = 0$$

(c).
$$2x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$$

(d).
$$x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0$$

16. If the reciprocal of y - l is y + l then y equals

$$(c)$$
. ± 1

$$(d)$$
. ± 2

(e).
$$\pm\sqrt{2}$$

17.	If 100	chickens	eat	100	bushels	of	corn	in	100	days,	how many	bushels
	will 10) chickens	s eat	in	10 days?	?				-	_	

- (a). 1
- (b). 5
- (c). 10
- (d) 100
- (e). none of these

18.
$$\sqrt[2]{3}$$
 · $\sqrt[3]{2}$ is equal to

- (a). $\sqrt[6]{108}$
- (b). $\sqrt[5]{6}$
- (c). %
- (d). $\sqrt[5]{108}$
- (e). $\sqrt[5]{5}$

19. For the inequality
$$\left|\frac{4-2x}{2}\right| > 8$$
, the solution set is

- (a). $\{x \mid x > -6\} \cup \{x \mid x < 6\}$
- (b) $\{x \mid -6 < x < 10\}$
- (c). $\{x \mid x < -6\} \cup \{x \mid x > 10\}$
- (d). $\{x \mid x > -6\}\ U \ \{x \mid x < 10\}$
- (e). none of these

20. If
$$\frac{2}{x+4} - \frac{3}{x+6} = \frac{5}{x^2 + 10x + 24}$$
, then the solution set is

- $(a). \{5\}$
- (b). $\{4\}$
- (c). ¢
- $(d). \{6\}$
- (e). none of these

21. If ϕ represents the empty set, how many of the following four statements are true?

I.
$$\phi = 0$$

II. $\phi = \{0\}$
III. $\phi = \{\phi\}$
IV. $\phi \in \phi$

- (a). all of the four are true
- (b). three of the four are true
- (c). two of the four are true
- (d). one of the four is true
- (e). none of the four are true

22. A function which has the property that f(-x) = -f(x) is

(a).
$$f(x) = 1$$

(b).
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

(c).
$$f(x) = x^2$$

(d).
$$f(x) = x^3$$

(e).
$$f(x) = |x|$$

23. If a * b is a binary operation on the set of integers and a * b = a + b + 1, then the identity element of * is

- (a). 0
- (b). -1
- (c). 1
- (d). b-1
- (e). none of these

24. If a varies inversely as the square of b and if a = 12 when b = 2, find b when a = 3.

- (a). $\sqrt{8}$
- (b). 1
- (c). ½
- (d). ½
- (e). none of these

25. 3^a · 9^{2a} is equivalent to which of the following?

$$I. 27^{3a}$$

- (a). only I
- (b). only II
- (c). only III
- (d). only II and III
- (e). none of these

26. If Grandma drives 20 kilometers at a constant rate of 40 kmph and an additional 20 kilometers at a constant rate of 60 kmph, her average rate for the entire 40 kilometers is

- (a). 44 kmph
- (b). 46 kmph
- (c). 48 kmph
- (d). 50 kmph
- (3). none of these

27. A rope 18 feet long is cut into two pieces whose lengths are in the ratio 3:4. The length of the longest piece of rope is

- (a). 12 4/7 feet
- (b). 10 4/7 feet
- (c). 10 2/7 feet
- (d). 7 5/7 feet
- (e). none of these

28. If a and b are integers, which of the following is always true?

(a).
$$|a-b| = |a| - |b|$$

(d).
$$|a-b| \le |a| - |b|$$

(b).
$$|a-b| > |a| + |b|$$

(e).
$$|a-b| \ge |a| - |b|$$

(c).
$$|a-b| = |a| + |b|$$

	3 3
29.	$-32^{\frac{3}{5}}$ + $16^{\frac{1}{4}}$ is equal to
	(a)16
	(b). 72
	(c). 16
	(d). 0
	(e). 56
30.	If A and B are sets such that A \cup B = A \cap B, then
	(a). A is the null set
	(b). A and B are disjoint sets
	(c). A is the complement of B
	(d). A is a proper subset of B
	(e). A is equal to B
31.	The solution set of the equation $x = 2$ is
	(a). $\{\frac{1}{2}\}$
	(b). $\{-\frac{1}{2}\}$
	(c). {-2}
	(d). {2}
	(e). cannot be determined
32.	Ben is twice as old as Ken. In two years Ben will be $1\frac{1}{2}$ times as old as Ken. How old is Ben now?
	(a). 2
	(b). $1\frac{1}{2}$
	(c). 6
	(d). 4
	(e). none of these

- 33. Find the solution set of the following equation: (q 4)(q + 3) = -10
 - (a). $\{-2, 1\}$
 - (b) $\{-6, -13\}$
 - (c). $\{-2, -1\}$
 - (d). $\{2, -1\}$
 - (e). none of these
- 34. $\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{2}}$ is equal to (a). 2 $\frac{1}{7}$ (b). 2 $\frac{1}{8}$
 - (c). $2^{\frac{1}{24}}$
 - (d). $2^{\frac{1}{12}}$
 - (e). none of these
- 35. A man invests a part of \$32,000 at 5% and the remaining part at 3%. If the income from the first is equal to the income from the second, how much does he have invested at each rate?
 - (a). \$16,000 at 5%, \$16,000 at 3%
 - (b). \$15,000 at 5%, \$17,000 at 3%
 - (c). \$12,000 at 5%, \$20,000 at 3%
 - (d). \$12,000 at 3%, \$20,000 at 5%
 - (e). none of these
- 36. Evaluate $(2-i^2)$ $(4-i^4)$ where $i = \sqrt{-1}$.
 - (a). 9
 - (b). 15
 - (c). 11
 - (d). 2 + i
 - (e). 2 i

- 37. The coordinates of the midpoint of the line segment joining the points (-2, 1) and (4, 9) are
 - (a). (5, 1)
 - (b) \cdot (-3, -4)
 - (c). (1, 5)
 - (d). (4, 3)
 - (e). (3, 10)
- 38. Solve the formula $s = \frac{n}{2} \left[2a + (n-1)d \right]$ for d.
 - (a). $d = \frac{2ns 2a}{n^3 n^2}$
 - (b). $d = \frac{2s 2na}{n^2 n}$
 - (c). $d = \frac{2s + 2na}{n^2 + n}$
 - (d). $d = \frac{2na 2s}{n + n^2}$
 - (e). none of these
- 39. The expression $2y^3 6y^2 y + 3$ can be factored as
 - (a). (2y 3)(y 1)
 - (b). $(2y^2 1)(y 3)$
 - (c). (2y 1)(y 3)
 - (d). $(2y^2 + 1)(y 3)$
 - (e). $(y^2 3)(2y 1)$
- 40. Which of the following statements are always true?
 - I. If a whole number is divisible by 2 and by 3, it is divisible by 6.
 - II. If a whole number is divisible by 4 and by 6, it is divisible by 24.
 - III. If a whole number is divisible by 3, by 5 and by 7, it is divisible by 105.
 - (a). only I

(d). only I & II

(b). only II

(e). only I & III

(c). only III